

N. Ireland Cancer Registry Implications of Research for Services

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Paper Title	Corrigendum to “Incidence and prognosis of cutaneous melanoma in European adolescents and young adults (AYAs): EUROCARE-6 retrospective cohort results”
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Conclusion	Melanoma, a type of skin cancer, is uncommon in adolescents and young adults (AYA, aged 15–39), and few studies have focused on this age group. This study analyzed melanoma rates and survival in young people across 29 European countries. Between 2006 and 2013, melanoma was more common in young women than men, especially on the limbs. Survival was high in AYAs, with 94% living at least five years after diagnosis—much higher than the 80% seen in older adults.
What this means for the service	Melanoma in younger people was less aggressive, while survival improved for all ages over time, likely due to earlier detection and better treatments. These findings suggest age and gender both play a role in how melanoma develops and how well patients recover.